

Safety Data Sheet DHP-110



1. Identification		
Product identifier	DHP-110	
Product code	DHP-110	
Other means of identification	None.	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	Soap - Degreasing cleaner.	
Manufacturer	Distributions ABR inc. 1375 Des Riveurs local 500 Lévis, Québec Canada G6Y 0A2 Tel. 418-837-0873 https://www.produitstechnikem.com/	
Emergency phone number	418-837-0873	

2. Hazard identification

Summary Avoid all contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Do not ingest. If medical advice is needed, have this SDS or label at hand. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.

WHMIS 2015/GHS/OSHA HCS 2012



Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 2) Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 1)

DANGER

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H315: Causes skin irritation

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a doctor.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

3. Composition/information on ingredients		
Common name	CAS	Weight % content
2-Aminoethanol	141-43-5	1 - 5 %
Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated	68439-45-2	1 - 5 %
Alcohols, C7-C21 ethoxylated	68991-48-0	1 - 5 %
Sodium tripolyphosphate	7758-29-4	0.1 - 1 %
Nitrilotriacetic acid trisodium salt	5064-31-3	0.1 - 1 %

Note: The manufacturer withholds the actual concentration range of the ingredients as a trade secret. The range for the surfactant mixture (CAS no 68439-45-2 and CAS no 68991-48-0) in 1-5% IN TOTAL.

4. First-aid measures		
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.	
Skin contact	Wash skin with warm water and mild soap for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.	
Eye contact	IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. Seek medical attention immediately. Have an ophthalmologist make an evaluation of eye injury.	
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately.	
Other	No information available.	
Symptoms	May cause severe eye irritation or eye damage. May cause redness and irritation of the skin.	
Notes to the physician	Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure. If gastric lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.	

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent appropriate for the surrounding fire.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.	
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.	

6. Accidental release measures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency proceduresDo not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.		
Environmental precautions	3 3 1 3	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Ventilate the area well. Absorb with absorbent sheets, absorbent pads or an inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) and place in a container suitable recovery well identified. Finish cleaning the contaminated surface by rinsing with water. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	

7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling	Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid all contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling this compound and before eating, drinking or using toiletries. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store tightly closed and in properly labelled containers in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Store away from acids and from incompatible materials (see section 10). Store away from frost and high temperatures.	
Storage temperature	5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F)	

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	2-Aminoethanol: 3) ppm.			
2-Aminoethanol	STEL		6 ppm		BC , ON
			6 ppm	15 mg/m ³	ACGIH , RSST
	TWA (8h)		3 ppm		BC , ON
			3 ppm	7.5 mg/m ³	RSST
			3 ppm	8 mg/m ³	ACGIH
Sodium tripolyphosphate	TWA (8h)	Respirable Dust		5 mg/m ³	OSHA
		Total Dust		15 mg/m ³	OSHA
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general or local exhaust) to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours, mists, aerosols or dust below their respective occupational exposure limits.				
Individual protection m	easures				
Еуе	Wear safety glasses with side shields. If there is a risk of contact with eyes, wear chemical splash goggles.				
Hands	Wear nitrile or neoprene gloves. Wear Nitrile gloves. Disposable nitrile gloves can also be used, but discard after single use. Before using, user should confirm impermeability. Discard gloves with tears, pinholes, or signs of wear.				
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code. Synthetic polyethylene coveralls or equivalent coveralls manufactured to provide protection				

	against liquid chemicals should be worn, if necessary.	
Respiratory	Respiratory protection is not required for normal use. Where the conditions in the workplace require respirator, it is necessary to follow a respiratory protection program. Moreover, respiratory protection equipment (RPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and standard 29 CFR 1910.134 (OSHA), ANSI Z88.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (Canada) and approved by NIOSH/MSHA. In case of insufficient ventilation or in enclosed area until maximum 10 times of exposure limit, wear half mask respirator with organic vapors cartridges.	
Feet	Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill.	
Goggles Nitrile gloves		

9. Physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	Liquid	Flammability	Non-flammable	
Colour	Colourless	Flammability limits	N/Av.	
Odour	Faint	Flash point	N/Av.	
Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	N/Av.	
рН	11 @ 100%	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	N.Av.	
Melting point	N/Av.	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	N.Av.	
Freezing point	N/Av.	Vapour density	N/Av. (Air = 1)	
Boiling point	N/Av.	Relative density	1.01 to 1.09 kg/L (Water = 1)	
Solubility	Miscible in water	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	N/Av.	
Evaporation rate	N/Av.	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.	
Vapour pressure	N/Av.	Viscosity	N/Av.	
Percent Wt. Volatile	N/Av.	Molecular mass	N/Ap.	
VOC (g/L)	N/Av.	% Volume Volatile (VOC)	N/Av.	
VOC (Ib/gal)	N/Av.	% Wt. Volatile (VOC)	N/Av.	
N/Av.: I	N/Av.: Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable Und.: Undetermined N/E: Not Established			

10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	Reacts with acids to produce heat.	
Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	A dangerous reaction will not occur.	

Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Avoid mixing with other chemicals. Avoid extreme temperatures.
Incompatible materials	Acids, strong oxidants.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicolo	ogical informat	ion		
Numerical measures of toxicity	2-Aminoethanol Alcohols, C6-12, etho Alcohols, C7-C21 eth Nitrilotriacetic acid tri			
	Sodium tripolyphospl	Inhalation >5 mg/l/4h Rat LC50		
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation			
Delayed, immediate and chronic effects	Eye contact	May cause severe eye irritation or eye damage. Eye Irritation/Corrosion, Rabbit: tests performed with each ingredient (>1%) of this mixture gave not irritating to corrosive results.		
	Skin contact	May cause redness and irritation of the skin. Prolonged and repeated contact may cause skin drying and cracking. Skin Irritation/Corrosion, Rabbit: tests performed with each ingredient (>1%) of this mixture gave not irritating to corrosive results.		
	Inhalation	 Aerosols and mists can cause irritation to the nose, throat and lungs. Overexposure may cause burns of to nose, throat and respiratory tract. May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Overexposure may cause burns in the mouth, in the throat and in the stomach. (in Ingredients present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% of this product are not skin or respiratory sensitizers. 		
	Ingestion			
	Respiratory or skin sensitization			
	IARC/NTP Classification	Common name IARC NTP Nitrilotriacetic acid trisodium salt 2B R IARC : 1- Carcinogenic; 2A- Probably carcinogenic; 2B- Possibly carcinogenic. NTP : K- Known to be carcinogens; R- Reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens.		
	Carcinogenicity	Nitrilotriacetic acid trisodium salt (CAS no 5064-31-3) is suspected of causing cancer at a concentration >5% (ECHA).		
	Mutagenicity	Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effects.		
	Reproductive toxicity	Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause reproduction effects.		
	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No target organ is listed.		
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No target organ is listed.		
Interactive effects	No information availa	ble for this product.		
Other information	The oral and skin acute toxicity estimates (ATE) of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 2000 mg/kg. The acute toxicity estimate (ATE) by inhalation (aerosol/mist) of the mixture was calculated to be greater than 5 mg/L/4h. These values are not classified according to WHMIS 2015 and OSHA HCS 2012.			

12. Ecological information

Ecological	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Carp (semi-static)	LC50	150 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 141-43-5)				
toxicity	Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna		65 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 141-43-5)				
	Green Algea - Selenastrum capricornutum	EC50	2.8 mg/L; 72 h (CAS no 141-43-5) OECD 201				
	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Fathead minnow	LC50	5.7 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 68439-45-2)				
	Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna - Water flea	EC50	8.2 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 68439-45-2)				
	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Rainbow trout	LC50	5-7 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 68991-48-0) OEDC 203				
	Water flea - Daphnia magna - fresh water EC50 1.4 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 68991-48-0)						
Persistence	No information available for this product.						
Degradability	No information available for this product.						
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available for this product.						
Mobility in soil	No information available for this product.						
Other adverse effects	This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer. Toxic effect on aquatic organisms due to pH change.						

13. Disposal considerations

Container

Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT dispose residue in sewers, streams or drinking water supply. DO NOT pierce, cut, heat, or burn the container, even after use. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport in	14. Transport information						
UN Number	Number UN N/A						
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated by TDG (Canada) and 49 CFR DOT (USA).						
Environmental hazards	This material does not contain marine pollutant.						
Special precautions for user							
TDG - Transportation o	TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada & US DOT)						
Transport hazard class(es)							
Packing group	Packing group Not regulated						
2020 Emergency <u>N/A</u> Response Guidebook							
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Transport							
Classification	Not regulated						
IATA - International Air	IATA - International Air Transport Association						

Classification	Not regulated

These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

Common name	CAS	CEPA	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
2-Aminoethanol	141-43-5	Х	Х		
Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated	68439-45-2	Х	Х		
Alcohols, C7-C21 ethoxylated	68991-48-0		Х		
Sodium tripolyphosphate	7758-29-4		Х		
Nitrilotriacetic acid trisodium salt	5064-31-3	Х	Х		

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act

- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory

- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory

- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

Common name	CAS	TSCA	CER CLA	EPCRA 313	EPCRA 302/304	CAA 112(b) HON	CAA 112(b) HAP	CAA 112(r)	CWA 311	CWA Prio.
2-Aminoethanol	141-43-5	Х				Х				
Alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated	68439-45-2	х								
Alcohols, C7-C21 ethoxylated	68991-48-0	х								
Sodium tripolyphosphate	7758-29-4	х	x						х	
Nitrilotriacetic acid trisodium salt	5064-31-3	х								

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act

- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances

- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals

- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances

- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant

- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants

- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act - Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention

- CWA 311: Clean Water Act - List of Hazardous Substances

- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act - Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

Common name	Common name		Cancer	Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity		
Nitrilotriacetic ac	cid trisodium salt	5064-31-3	Х			
Other regulations						
	HMIS	NFPA				
	 Health Flamability Reactivity 					
	Protective Equipme	nt				

16. Other in	formation
Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Distributions ABR inc. 2024-11-18
Version	01
Other information	REFERENCES: - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, https://haz-map.com/ - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), https://www.cnesst.gouv.qc.ca/en - The National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Institutes of Health (NIH), U.S. National Library of Medicine, https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov DATE OF THE LAST VERSION OF SDS: 2021-11-25.
	ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Toxicology Program RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec) GHS: Globally Harmonized System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min) TWA: Time Weighted Averages WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System